

K2 Transfection Technical Note

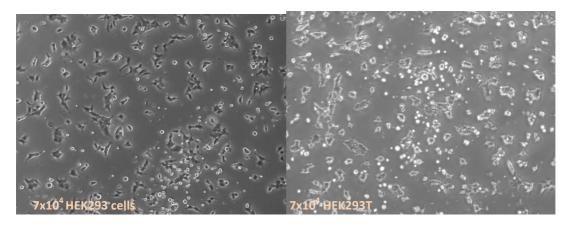
Dr Mark W. Barnett and Mr Bruno Giotti, Division of Genetics and Genomics, The Roslin Institute, University of Edinburgh, Easter Bush, Midlothian, EH25 9RG

Materials:Plasmid pcDNA-DEST47-TACC3 (expresses a fusion of the TACC3 protein with GFP at
C-terminal) (pcDNA-DEST 47 plasmid is from Life Technologies)
175 cm² flasks
Sterile Eppendorf tubes
Glass coverslips
Trypsin solution
DMEM + 10% fetal calf serum + Glutamax
HEK293T cells

The following protocol was used to transfect either HEK293 or HEK293T cells with pcDNA-DEST47-TACC3 plasmid (TACC3 is reported to be expressed in cytoplasm and centrosomes - Human Protein Atlas).

 $7x10^4$ HEK293T cells were plated in each well of a 24 well plate on a coverslip previously coated with poly-L-lysine in a total volume of 500 μ l medium. Cells were incubated in CO₂ incubator at 37°C for 24hrs.

24h later the wells had an approximate coverage of around 30%. One picture per cell line was taken just before transfection:-



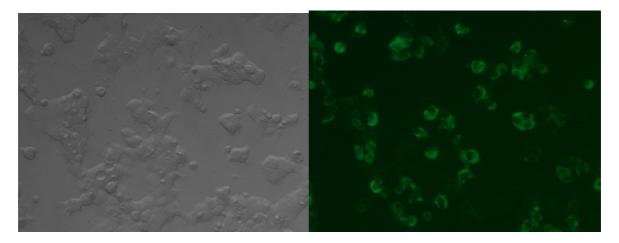
Shortly after, the transfection was performed:-

- 1) K2 multiplier and K2 transfection reagent were placed at room temperature (RT).
- 2) Medium in each well was replaced with 330µl (to eventually reach a total of 400µl together with multiplier and DNA:tr complex) complete medium without antibiotics
- 3) 9.5 μ l of K2 Multiplier was added to each well and incubated for 2hours
- 4) Solution A and B were prepared pipetting up and down once. Solution A was added to Solution B pipetting once and incubated at RT for 15min. DNA and tr were not put in contact with the plastic of the tubes.

Solution A: 1 μ g DNA in 30 μ l serum free medium (for TACC3) Solution B: 2 μ l K2 transfection reagent (tr) and 28 μ l serum free medium

5) 60μ l of the mixed solution (A + B) was added to each well and incubated in $37^{\circ}C$ CO₂ incubator for 24h

24h post transfection (media was not replaced), expression of TACC3-GFP reflected a high transfection rate (not quantitated).



NOTES

Previous experiments aimed to optimise transfection with K2. Other DNA : TR ratios were tested, 1 μ g : 2 μ l, 1 μ g:3 μ l and 1 μ g:4 μ l (also performed using 0.5 ug DNA and 1-4 μ l tr). However transfection rate was always high and seemed not to change dramatically.